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Prepared by QA Committee	Preparation Manual	
Issued by: Laboratory Manager	Revision Date: 1/16/2024	
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Microbiologist-in-Chief		

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LACTOPHENOL ANILINE BLUE STAIN (LPAB)	
MYCOSEL AGAR	
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POTATO DEXTROSE AGAR (PDA)	
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SABOURAUD AGAR MODIFIED (DIFCO)	
SABOURAUD GENTAMICIN (50 mg/L) AGAR SLOPES	
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Record of Edited Revisions	

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BHI Agar for Etest (BBL)

- 1. Suspend 52 g of BHI agar (BBL) in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Adjust pH
- 4. Heat with frequent agitation and boil for 1 minute to completely dissolve the powder
- 5. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes
- 6. Before use agitate gently to distribute the precipitate uniformly throughout the media
- 7. Pour plates

Final pH 7.4 \pm 0.2 Store at 4°C

Casein Agar Plates

1. Dissolve 25 g skim milk (DIFCO) in 250 ml deionized water by heating (use a 500 ml flask). DO NOT BOIL. Adjust pH.

2. Autoclave skim milk at 115°C for 10 minutes

3. Dissolve 5 g Agar (Bacto-Difco) in 250 ml deionized water, adjust pH and heat to boiling (use a 1 L flask).

- 4. Autoclave Agar at 121°C for 15 minutes
- 5. Cool in a water bath to 45° C
- 6. Mix the 2 solutions and pour plates (20 ml)

Final pH 7.0 ± 0.2 Store plates at 4° C

Cetrimide Agar

- 1. Suspend 45.3 g of the Difco Cetrimide Agar Base powder in 1 L of deionized water containing 10 ml glycerol
- 2. Mix thoroughly and adjust pH
- 3. Heat with frequent agitation and boil for 1 minute to completely dissolve the powder
- 4. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes
- 5. Cool and pour plates

Final pH 7.2 \pm 0.2

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Store at 4°C

Enterococcus agar with 6mg/L vancomycin

- 1. Suspend 42g of the Enterococcus Agar in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Heat with frequent agitation and boil for 1 minute to completely dissolve the powder
- 4. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE
- 5. Cool in a water bath to 50° C
- 6. Add 6.0 ml of Vancomycin solution ($1000\mu g/ml$)
- 7. Mix well and pour plates

Final pH 7.2 \pm 0.2 Store plates at 4°C Store Vancomycin solution at -20°C

MacConkey (With salt and crystal violet)

- 1. Suspend 51.5g of MacConkey #3 (OXOID) in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Heat to boil to dissolve completely
- 4. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes
- 5. Pour plates

Final pH 7.1 \pm 0.2 Store plates at 4°C

MacConkey with Colistin (With salt and crystal violet)

- 1. Suspend 51.5g of MacConkey #3 (OXOID) in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Heat to boil to dissolve completely
- 4. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes
- 5. Cool in a water bath to 50° C
- 6. Add 0.75 ml (Coli-Mycin M 10,000 μ g/ml (=300,000 U) and mix thoroughly
- 7. Pour plates

Final pH 7.1 \pm 0.2 Store plates at 4°C

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Preparation of Colistin Solution

 $150 \text{ mg} = 150,000 \text{ }\mu\text{g/ml}$ Reconstitute using 3 ml sterile deionized water and then dilute 1:5 (= 10,000 $\mu\text{g/ml}$) Store at -70°C

OCBL Agar

1.	Suspend :		
	OF Base (Difco)	9.4 g	
	Bacto Agar	15.0 g	
	Deionized water (RO pure)	900 ml	
2.	Mix thoroughly to dissolve the	ne powder	
3.	Autoclave at 121°C for 15 m	inutes	
4.	Cool to 50° C		
5.	Then add:		
	Lactose (10% filter sterilized		100 ml
	Colistin (Coli-Mycin M 10,0	00 μg/ml (=300,000 U)	1.0 ml
	Bacitracin (1000 U)		0.2 ml

6. Mix well and pour plates

Final pH 6.8 ± 0.2 Store at $4^{\circ}C$

 $\frac{\text{Preparation of solutions}}{\text{Colistin preparation}}$ $150 \text{ mg} = 150,000 \text{ }\mu\text{g/ml}$ Reconstitute using 3 ml sterile deionized water and then dilute 1:5 (= 10,000 \mu g/ml) Store at -70°C

 $\frac{Bacitracin preparation}{Reconstitute using sterile deionized water}$ Store at -70° C

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Olive Oil

Dispense olive oil into 13X100 tubes (2ml per tube) Sterilize in hot air oven 2 hours at 160°C

Pyruvate Agar for Nocardia

500 ml
2.5 g
0.25g
).5ml

1.	Mix thoroughly	
2.	Adjust pH to 6.9	
3.	Add Agar (Bacto)	10.0g
4.	Mix thoroughly and heat to dissolve	
5.	Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes	

6. Cool and pour plates

Final pH 6.8 ± 0.2 Store at $4^{\circ}C$

Soybean-Casein Digest Medium Extra Strength (ESD14)

- 1. Suspend 50g of the Tryptone Soya Medium powder in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Adjust pH
- 4. Dispense 15 ml amounts into large screw cap tubes (20 X 150) (flat bottom, white cap)
- 5. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes

Final pH 7.3 ± 0.2 Store at room temperature

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Soybean-Casein Digest Medium Single Strength (SD14)

- 1. Suspend 30g of the Tryptone Soya Medium powder in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Adjust pH
- 4. Dispense 15 ml amounts into large screw cap tubes (20 X 150) (flat bottom, white cap)
- 5. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes

Final pH 7.3 ± 0.2 Store at room temperature

Thioglycollate Broth (BD BBL 211720) Extra Strength (ETH14)

- 1. Suspend 50g of the Thioglycollate powder in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Allow to cool and adjust pH
- 4. Heat to boil for 1 minute
- 5. Dispense 15 ml amounts into large screw cap tubes (20 X 150) (round bottom, black cap)
- 6. Autoclave at 118°C for 15 minutes

Final pH 7.0 \pm 0.2 Store at room temperature

Thioglycollate Broth (BD BBL 211720) Single Strength (TH14)

- 1. Suspend 30g of the Thioglycollate powder in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Allow to cool and adjust pH
- 4. Heat to boil for 1 minute
- 5. Dispense 15 ml amounts into large screw cap tubes (20 X 150) (round bottom, black cap)
- 6. Autoclave at 118°C for 15 minutes

Final pH 7.0 \pm 0.2 Store at room temperature

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TCBS for Vibrio

- 1. Suspend 89 g of TCBS Agar (Difco) in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Adjust pH
- 4. Heat with frequent agitation and boil for 1 minute to completely dissolve the powder
- 5. Cool in a water bath to 50° C
- 6. Pour plates

Final pH 8.6 \pm 0.2 Store plates at 4°C

Tube Coagulase

Rabbit plasma is rehydrated aseptically with sterile deionized water according to manufacturer's instructions on the label.

Mix well and dispense 0.5 ml aseptically into 13X100 sterile blue capped tubes

Store at -20°C

Trypticase Agar Slants (2ml)

- 1. Suspend 40 g of Trypticase Soy Agar (BBL) in 1 L of deionized water
- 2. Mix thoroughly
- 3. Adjust pH
- 4. Heat with frequent agitation and boil for 1 minute to completely dissolve the powder
- 5. Dispense 2 ml in Bijou bottles
- 6. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes. DO NOT OVERHEAT.
- 7. Slant tubes with no butt to solidify

Final pH 7.3 \pm 0.2 Store at 4°C

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Tryptone water (for MUG test)

- 1. Suspend 1 g of Neopeptone in 100 ml deionized water.
- 2. Dissolve completely
- 3. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes.
- 4. Cool
- 5. Dispense aseptically0.3 ml in clear plastic 10X70 snap top tubes

Store tubes at 4°C

Mycology Media / Reagents

Brain Heart Infusion Agar with 5% Sheep Blood, Gentamicin, Chloramphenicol, Cyclohexamide (BHIM)

Commercially prepared by Bio-Media lab

Columbia agar base 5% sheep blood agar Gentamicin Vancomycin Chloramphenicol Cyclohexamide

Purpose: Primary isolation media for fungi especially *Histoplasma capsulatum*.

Quality Control

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Trichophyton mentagrophytes ATCC 9533	28°C (1-3 days)	Good Growth

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Candida albicans ATCC 10231	28°C (1-3 days)	Good Growth
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	28°C (1-3 days)	Inhibited

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Brain Heart Infusion Agar (BHIA)

Brain Heart Infusion Agar Powder Dist. H₂O

47 g. (Oxoid CM375) 1000 ml.

Mix and boil to dissolve completely. Distribute 10 ml. into 25-ml. UGB bottles. Autoclave 15 minutes at 15 psi and 121^oC. Cool on a slant. Store at room temperature. Final pH approximately 7.4

<u>Purpose:</u> Isolation of opportunistic and dimorphic fungi from uncontaminated specimens.

Also to convert some dimorphic fungi from the mycelial phase to the yeast phase when incubated at 37° C with extra moisture added to the tube.

Quality Control:

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Trichophyton mentagrophytes ATCC 9533	28°C (1-3 days)	Good Growth
		white cream yellow

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Cornmeal Tween 80 Agar (Oxoid)

Cornmeal	40 gm
Agar	20 gm
Tween 80 (polysorbate 80)	10 ml
Distilled water	1,000 ml

- 1. Mix commeal well with 500 ml of water; heat to 65° C for 1 hour.
- 2. Filter through gauze and then paper until clear. Restore to original volume.
- 3. Adjust to pH 6.6-6.8.
- 4. Add agar dissolved in 500 ml of sterile water.
- 5. Add Tween 80.
- 6. Autoclave for 15 minutes.
- 7. Dispense into sterile screw cap bottles (175 mls) to be melted and poured into petri dishes (15 ml/dish) as needed.

<u>Purpose</u>: For yeast morphology.

Quality Control:

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Candida albicans ATCC 10231	22°C for 48hrs	Growth, white and with
		chlamydospores
Candida krusei ATCC 6258	22°C for 48hrs	Growth, white/cream and
		no chlamydospores

Reference

Davise H. Larone. Medically Important Fungi. A Guide to Identification. 1995, ASM Press.

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ESCULIN BASE MEDIUM (EBM) pH 7.1

Dist. H ₂ O	1000 mL.
Bacto Agar (Difco)	15 g.
Dextrose (BBL)	5 g.
Bacto-Peptone (Difco)	10 g.
Esculin (Difco/BDH)	0.5 g.
Difco Yeast Extract	1.0 g.

Mix thoroughly to dissolve. Autoclave at $121^{\circ}C/15$ minutes

Cool to 45°-50°C, aseptically remove 5.0-ml. agar, then add:

2.5 ml. Gentamicin sulphate	$= 25,000 \mu g/litre$
2.5 ml. Chloramphenicol	= 10,000 µg/litre

Mix well and pour plates. Store in fridge.

Gentamicin Sulphate Stock Solution (10,000 µg/ml)

Vial contains 2.0 ml. $(40 \text{ mg/ml}) = 80,000 \mu \text{g}$

Transfer contents of vial and make up to a volume of 8 ml. using phosphate buffer pH 8.0 (= $10,000 \mu g/ml$). Distribute 3 ml. amounts into bijou bottles. Store at $-20^{\circ}C$.

Chloramphenicol Stock Solution (4,000 µg/ml)

Purpose

Differential medium for isolation of Cryptococcus neoformans and also isolation medium for other fungi from contaminated specimens. Also provides presumptive identification of *C. neoformans*.

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Principle

C. neoformans produces phenol oxidase enzyme that breaks down the substrate esculin, resulting in the production of a melanin-like pigment and the development of dark brown colonies. It takes about 48-72 hours for colonies to become brown. Other yeast colonies are cream to beige.

Rare strains of *C. neoformans* fail to produce pigmented colonies; also <u>rarely</u> yeasts other than *C. neoformans* produce dark colonies.

When EBM is used (set up as a test to determine brown pigment by *Cryptococcus neoformans*), it <u>must never be set up at 35°C</u> but no more than 28°C.

Quality Control

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Cryptococcus neoformans ATCC 76484	25°C	Growth + Brown pigment
Candida glabrata ATCC 2001	25°C	Growth + No pigment
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	25°C	No Growth

References

S.C. Edberg et al. Esculin - Based Medium for Isolation and Identification of *Cryptococcus neoformans*. J. Clin. Micro. 12:332-335, 1980.

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Inhibitory Mold Agar (IMA)

Tryptone	3.0 g.
Beef extract	2.0 g.
Yeast extract	5.0 g.
Dextrose	5.0 g.
Starch (soluble)	2.0 g.
Dextrin	1.0 g.
Chloramphenicol	0.125 g.
Salt A	10.0 ml.
Salt C	20.0 ml.
Agar	17.0 g.
Distilled water	970.0 ml.
Salt A:	
NaH ₂ PO ₄	25.0 g.
Na ₂ HPO ₄	25.0 g.
NaH ₂ PO ₄ H ₂ O	28.71 g.
H ₂ O	250.0 ml.
Salt C:	
$MgSO_4 - 7H_2O$	10.0 g.
$FeSO_4 - 7H_2O$	0.5 g.
NaCl	0.5 g.
$MnSO_4 - 7H_2O$	2.0 g.
H ₂ O	250.0 ml.

Manufacturer: Que-lab Inc. Dehydrated medium.

Materials are dissolved in water that is brought to a boil to suspend the agar. After cooling, pH is adjusted to 6.7. Autoclave 15 psi/15 minutes. Chloramphenicol is first dissolved in 2 ml of alcohol (95%) and added to boiling media. Pour into sterile, plastic petri dishes (35 ml/plate). For isolation and subculture of fungi.

Quality Control

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Trichophyton mentagrophytes ATCC 9533	28°C (1 - 3 days)	Good Growth

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Candida albicans ATCC 10231	28°C (1 - 3 days)	Good Growth
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	$28^{\circ}C (1 - 3 \text{ days})$	Inhibited

Lactophenol Aniline Blue Stain (LPAB)

Distilled water	20.0 ml.
Lactic acid	20.0 ml.
Phenol crystals	20.0 g.
Aniline blue	0.05 g.
Glycerol	40.0 ml.

Dissolve phenol in the lactic acid, glycerol, and water by gently heating. Then add aniline blue.

Purpose: Used for wet mount preparations of fungal cultures.

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Mycosel Agar

Dehydrated Mycosel Agar	36 g.
Distilled Water	1000 ml.

Mix thoroughly. Heat with frequent agitation until medium boils, not longer. Dispense 10 ml. amounts into 25-ml UGB bottles. Autoclave 15 min/ 118°C. Cool on a slant. Store at room temperature. Final pH 6.9 ± 0.2 .

Formula per litre

Papaic Digest of Soybean Meal	10.0 g.
Dextrose	10.0 g.
Agar	15.5 g.
Cycloheximide	0.4 g.
Chloramphenicol	0.05 g.

Note: This medium must <u>not</u> be incubated at 35°C since the antibiotics at the higher temperature inhibit pathogenic fungi.

Purpose

- a) to isolate pathogenic fungi (especially dermatophytes) from contaminated specimens (it inhibits bacteria and most saprophytic fungi).
- b) to determine Cycloheximide resistance of fresh isolates as a screening test for pathogenic fungi.

Quality Control

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Trichophyton mentagrophytes ATCC 9533	28°C (1 - 3 days)	Good Growth
Candida albicans ATCC 10231	28°C (1 - 3 days)	Good Growth
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	28°C (1 - 3 days)	Inhibited

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Oxgall Agar

Bacto oxgall powder Bacto agar powder Dist. H₂O 20 (10) g. (Difco 0128-02) 18 (15) g. (Difco 0140-01) 1000 ml.

Mix well. Final pH 7.3 ± 0.2 . Autoclave $121^{\circ}C/15$ minutes. Cool to $50^{\circ}C$. Pour plates.

Purpose

For the rapid production of chlamydospore by Candida albicans within 24 to 48 hours.

Quality Control

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Candida albicans ATCC 10231	25°C	Chlamydospore
Candida tropicalis ATCC 13803	25°C	No Chlamydospore

Reference

J.B. Fischer, J. Kane "Production of Chlamydospores by Candida Albicans Cultivated on Dilute Oxgall Agar" Mycopath 35:223-229, 1968.

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Potato Dextrose Agar (PDA)

Slopes:

Potato dextrose agar (CM 139)	39 g.
Distilled Water	1000 ml.

Mix well, bring to a boil to dissolve. Cool to 50^{0} C (check pH with ATC - pH ± 5.6). Dispense 10 ml amounts into pre-sterilised UGB bottles. Autoclave (with loose caps) at 118⁰C/10 minutes. Cool in a slanted position. Tighten the caps. Label the bottles "PDA". Store at 4⁰C.

Plates:

Potato dextrose agar	39.0 g.
Dist. H ₂ O	1000.0 ml.

Mix well, bring to a boil. Cool to 50° C (check pH with ATC - pH ± 5.6). Autoclave at 121° C/15 minutes. Cool. Pour plates (label "PDA"). Shrink wrap plates individually. Store at 4° C.

Purpose

Sporulation medium for fungi (can also be used in slide culture).

Quality Control:

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Trichophyton mentagrophytes ATCC 9533	28°C (1 - 3 days)	Good Growth

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Sodium Pyruvate Agar (NPA) For Nocardia

Distilled Water	500 ml.
Sodium Pyruvate (Pyruvic acid. Sodium salt)	2.5 g.
SIGMA - P2256	
Yeast Extract	0.25 g.
Indicator (1.6 g bromocresol purple in	
100 ml of 95% ethanol)	0.50 ml.
Mix well pH to 6.8 Then add	
tink wen, pir to o.o. Then ded.	
Agar (BACTO)	10 g.

Mix thoroughly, heat to dissolve. Sterilize 121^{0} C/15 min. Cool, pour plates. Store in refrigerator. (Final pH 6.8)

Purpose

Isolation medium for Nocardia from contaminated specimens. Growth of other bacteria is usually suppressed.

Quality Control:

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Nocardia brasiliensis ATCC 19296	28°C (1 - 3 days)	Good Growth
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	28°C (1 - 3 days)	Inhibited

References

Saksun, J.M., Kane J. and Schaacter, R.K. 1978. Mycetoma caused by Nocardia madurae. CMAJ 119:911-914

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Sabouraud Agar Modified (DIFCO)

Purpose

To provide a better and less inhibitory medium than the original formula for isolation and subculture of fungi.

Sabor Distil	ıraud Agar (Modified) led Water	50 g. 1000 ml.	
Mix v	vell pH 7.5		
Heat	to boiling to dissolve.		
For slopes:	Dispense 10 ml. amounts into UGB Store at RT. Final pF	pottles. Autoclave 121°C/15 minutes I 7.0 at 25°C.	. Slope.

For plates: Autoclave flask 121°C/15 min. Cool. Pour plates. Store in plastic bags at 4°C.

Formula per litre

Bacto-neopeptone	10 g.
Bacto-Dextrose	20 g.
Bacto-Agar	20 g.

Principle

The <u>modified</u> Sabouraud contains 2% rather than 4% dextrose and has a near neutral pH i.e. 7.0 as compared to 5.6. Other antibiotic containing media can now replace the very low pH in the original formula for suppressing bacterial contaminants.

Quality Control

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Trichophyton mentagrophytes ATCC 9533	25°C	Good Growth
Candida albicans ATCC 10231	25°C	Good Growth

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<i>Escherichia cou</i> ATCC 23922 25 C Innibiled	Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	25°C	Inhibited
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Sabouraud Gentamicin (50 Mg/L) Agar Slopes

Sabouraud Agar (Difco-modified-0747-01)	50 g.
Dist. H ₂ O	1000 ml.

Mix well, bring to a boil to dissolve. Cool to 50° C (check pH with ATC - pH ± 7.0). Add 1.25 ml Gentamicin (1 vial = 80 mgm/2 ml.). Mix well. Dispense 10-ml amounts into pre-sterilised UGB bottles. Autoclave 118°C/10 minutes. Cool in a slanted position. Tighten the caps. Label the bottles "SAB G". Store at 4°C.

Purpose

To isolate fungi especially yeast from contaminated specimens.

Quality Control

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Trichophyton mentagrophytes ATCC 9533	25°C	Good Growth
Candida albicans ATCC 10231	25°C	Good Growth
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	25°C	Inhibited

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Urea Agar Slopes

Urea agar base* (Gibco M52600)	29 g.
Distilled Water	100 ml.
Sterilize by filtration.	
Agar	15 g.
Distilled Water	900 ml.

Autoclave at 121[°]C for 15 minutes.

Cool to 50° C. Then add filtered urea agar base solution. Mix thoroughly and dispense 2.5 ml amounts aseptically into sterile disposable tubes (13 x 100) with white caps. Allow medium to cool in slanted position so that a deep butt is formed.

*Urea agar base is kept in the refrigerator.

Quality Control

Organisms	Incubation	Results
Cryptococcus neoformans ATCC 76484	25°C	Positive – pink
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	25°C	Negative – no pink

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10% Potassium Hydroxide

Potassium hydroxide (KOH)	10g
Glycerol	20ml
Distilled Water	80 ml

Dissolve the potassium hydroxide in distilled water, then add glycerol. Mix well. Filter sterilize. Store in sterile amber bottle. Keep for 3 months.

Purpose

To digest or clear organic material e.g. tissue cells in a specimen in order to allow fungal structures to be more easily demonstrated.

Principle

Fungi are unaffected by KOH. <u>Glycerol prolongs shelf-life by preventing crystallization_and</u> preserves the slides for a few days.

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Record of Edited Revisions

Manual Section Name: Microbiology and Mycology Media Preparation Manual

Page Number / Item	Date of Revision	Signature of
		Approval
Annual Review	August 15, 2009	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	August 15, 2010	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	August 15, 2011	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	August 14, 2012	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	August 20, 2013	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Mycology Media added on	September 4, 2014	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	September 19, 2014	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Update MSH/UHN logo		
Annual Review	September 18, 2015	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Changed name "Appendix IX Mycology Media" to		
"Mycology Media / Reagents"		
Annual Review	September 18, 2016	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	September 18, 2017	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	April 16, 2018	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	September 01, 2019	Dr. T. Mazzulli
Annual Review	September 18, 2020	Dr. T. Mazzulli

Full document review included in all updates. Bi-annual review conducted when no revision had been made within 2 years.

Page Number / Item	Date of Revision	Edited by:
Minor formatting change	April 11, 2021	Jessica Bourke
Biennial Review with no change	February 27, 2023	Jamaal Pratt
Minor formatting change	November 22, 2023	Jamaal Pratt

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